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Mogens True Wegener

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Master in Philosophy, Oslo University 1966.

Thesis on classical metaphysics and modern cosmology.

Assistant professor at the Department for  
Philosophy and the History of Ideas,  
Aarhus University, 1967-2003.

Member of Int. Soc. Study of Time, 1976-2003.

Member of Acad. Com. for Biennial Conferences:  
Physical Interpretations of Relativity Theory, sponsor:  
British Society for the Philosophy of Science.  
Co-editor of Conf. Proc. 1988-1996.

Numerous papers in Danish and English on  
history of ideas, philosophy, logic, physics, cosmology.  
Books: Non-Standard Relativity, BoD 2021<sup>†</sup>, and  
Tanker om Tid og Tilblivelse, Historia 2017

For biographical references, cf. e.g.  
Non-Standard Relativity, pp.11&127.



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The point is that the new universe of continued creation, I propose, can be compared to an instantaneous "snapshot" of the Milne universe: the cosmic sphere is no longer expanding with  $r = ct$ , but has a fixed radius  $\mathcal{R}_u = 2$ , its apparent horizon being approximated by  $\mathcal{R} \equiv 2th_{\frac{1}{2}}r \rightarrow 2$  as  $r \rightarrow \infty$ . Nevertheless, all galaxies at rest with respect to **CMBR** are scattered in agreement with  $\rho \equiv \mathcal{R}/e^T \equiv const.$ , i.e., Hubbles law. Here  $\rho$  is a comoving coordinate assigned by the observer to each single galaxy / cluster.

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